# SHRI VENKATESHWARA UNIVERSITY



# Syllabus Diploma Mechanical Engineering (Repair & Maintenance) IV semester (THREE Years Programme)

(w.e.f. 2019-20)

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

	Mechanical Engineering (Repair & Maintenance) SEMESTER- IV												
Sl Subject . Codes		Subject		Periods			Evaluation Scheme			End Semester		Total	Credit
N o.			L	T	Р	СТ	TA	Tot a l	P S	TE	P E		
1	PRM-401	Repair and Maintenance –II	3	0	0	20	10	30		70		100	3
2	PAE- 401	Advanced Automobile Engines	3	0	0	20	10	30		70		100	3
3	PAE- 402	Automobile Transmission System	3	0	0	20	10	30		70		100	3
4	PME- 402	Thermal Engineering	3	0	0	20	10	30		70		100	3
5	PME-403	Strength of Materials	3	0	0	20	10	30		70		100	3
6	PRM-411	-	0	0	2				10		15	25	1
7	PAE- 411	Advanced Automobile Engines Lab	0	0	2				10		15	25	1
8	PAE- 412	Automobile Transmission System Lab	0	0	2				10		15	25	1
	РМЕ- 412	Thermal Engineering – II Lab	0	0	2				10		15	25	1
9	PAE-414		0	0	4				50			50	2
10	PMC-418	Essence of Indian Knowledge and Tradition	2	0	0								0
	Essence of Ir	dian Knowledge and Tra	ditior	1 - No	nci	redit	Manda	atory c	ourse	s		650	21

Course Code	:	PME-305
Course Title	:	BASIC MECHANICAL ENGINEERING
Number of Credits	:	4 (L: 3, T: 1, P: 0)
Prerequisites	:	NIL
Course Category	:	PC

- To understand General Principles of Mechanical Engineering.
- Tounderstand laws of thermodynamics, thermal andthermodynamic Processes.
- Tounderstand working principles of power developing and power absorbing devices.
- To understand basic materials and manufacturing processes.

#### **Course Content:**

**UNIT-I: Introduction to Thermodynamics** - Role of Thermodynamics in Engineering and Science, Types of Systems, Thermodynamic Equilibrium, Properties, State, Process and Cycle, Elementary introduction to Zeroth, First and Second laws of thermodynamics, Heat and Work Interactions for various non-flow and flow processes; Concept of Heat Engine, Heat Pump & Refrigerator, Efficiency/ COP; Kelvin-Planck and Clausius Statements, Carnot Cycle, Carnot Efficiency, T-S and P-V Diagrams, Concept of Entropy (Definition only).

**Unit-II: Heat transfer & Thermal Power Plant:** Modes of Heat Transfer; Conduction: Composite Walls and Cylinders, Combined Conduction and Convection: Overall Heat Transfer Co-efficient, Sim- ple Numerical Problems: Thermal Power Plant Layout; Rankine Cycle; Fire Tube and Water Tube boilers, Babcock & Wilcox, Cochran Boilers;

**Unit-III: Steam Turbines:** Impulse and Reaction Turbines; Condensers: Jet & Surface Condensers, Cooling Towers; **Internal Combustion Engines and Refrigeration:** Otto, Diesel and Dual cycles; P-V and T-S Diagrams; IC Engines: 2 - Stroke and 4 - Stroke I.C. Engines, S.I. and C.I. Engines.

**Unit-IV: Materials and Manufacturing Processes:** Engineering Materials, Classification and their Properties; Metal Casting, Moulding, Patterns, Metal Working: Hot Working and Cold Working, Metal Forming: Extrusion, Forging, Rolling, Drawing, Gas Welding, Arc Welding, Soldering, and Brazing.

**Unit-V: Machine Tools and Machining Processes:** Machine Tools: Lathe Machine and types, Lathe Operations, Milling Machine and types, Milling Operations, Shaper and Planer Machines: Differences, Quick-Return Motion Mechanism, Drilling Machine: Operations, Grinding Machine:Operations

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1 Basic Mechanical Engineering M.P. Poonia & S.C. Sharma, Khanna Publishing House, Delhi
- 2 Elements of Mechanical Engineering M. L. Mathur, F.S. Mehta and R. P. Tiwari, Jain Brothers, New Delhi
- 3 Engineering Heat Transfer Gupta & Prakash, Nem Chand & Brothers, New Delhi
- 4. Workshop Technology (Vol. 1 and 2) B. S. Raghuvanshi, Dhanpath Rai and Sons, New Delhi.
- 5 Basic Mechanical Engineering J Benjamin
  - 6 Elements of Mechanical Engineering Roy and Choudhary
  - 7. Engineering Thermodynamics Spalding and Cole

#### **Course outcomes:**

С	Understand basics of thermodynamics and components of a thermal power plant
C 0 2	Understand basics of heat transfer, refrigeration and internal combustion engines
C 0 3	Understand mechanism of thermal power plant and boiler operation
C 0 4	Identify engineering materials, their properties, manufacturing methods encountered in en- gineering practice
C O 5	Understand functions and operations of machine tools including milling, shaping, grinding and lathe machines

Course Code	:	PME-302
Course Title	:	FLUID MECHANICS & HYDRAULIC MACHINERY
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 2, T: 1, P: 0)
Prerequisites	:	NIL
Course Category	:	PC

- To understand fluid flow & related machinery for power generation, water supply and irri-gation.
- To Select and use appropriate flow measuringdevice.
- To Select and use appropriate pressure measuringdevice.
- Tounderstand and analyze the performance of pumps and turbines.

#### **Course Content:**

**UNIT-I: Properties of fluid:** Density, Specific gravity, Specific Weight, Specific Volume, Dynamic Vis- cosity, Kinematic Viscosity, Surface tension, Capillarity, Vapour Pressure, Compressibility.

**Fluid Pressure & Pressure Measurement:** Fluid pressure, Pressure head, Pressure intensity, Con- cept of vacuum and gauge pressures, atmospheric pressure, absolute pressure, Simple and differen- tial manometers, Bourdan pressure gauge, Concept of Total pressure on immersed bodies, center of pressure, Simple problems on Manometers.

**Unit-II: Fluid Flow:** Types of fluid flows, Path line and Stream line, Continuity equation, Bernoulli's theorem, Principle of operation of Venturimeter, Orifice meter and Pitot tube, Derivations for dis- charge, coefficient of discharge and numerical problems.

**Flow Through Pipes:** Laminar and turbulent flows; Darcy's equation and Chezy's equation for fric- tional losses, Minor losses in pipes, Hydraulic gradient and total gradient line, Numerical problems to estimate major and minor losses

**Unit-III: Impact of jets:** Impact of jet on fixed vertical, moving vertical flat plates, Impact of jet on curved vanes with special reference to turbines & pumps, Simple Numericals on work done and ef- ficiency.

**Unit-IV: Hydraulic Turbines:** Layout of hydroelectric power plant, Features of Hydroelectric power plant, Classification of hydraulic turbines, Selection of

turbine on the basis of head and discharge available, Construction and working principle of Pelton wheel, Francis and Kaplan turbines, Draft tubes – types and construction, Concept of cavitation in turbines, Calculation of Work done, Power, efficiency of turbines, Unit quantities and simplenumericals.

**Unit-V: Centrifugal Pumps:** Principle of working and applications, Types of casings and impellers, Concept of multistage, Priming and its methods, Cavitation, Manometric head, Work done, Manomet- ric efficiency, Overall efficiency. Numericals on calculations of overall efficiency and power required to drive pumps.

**Reciprocating Pumps:** Construction, working principle and applications of single and double acting reciprocating pumps, Concept of Slip, Negative slip, Cavitation and separation.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Fluid Mechanics & Hydraulic Machines, S.S. Rattan, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi
- 2. Hydraulic, fluid mechanics & fluid machines Ramamrutham S, Dhanpath Rai and Sons,New Delhi.
- 3. Hydraulics and fluid mechanics including Hydraulic machines Modi P.N. and Seth S.M., Stan- dard Book House. New Delhi
- 4. One Thousand Solved Problems in Fluid Mechanics K. Subramanya, Tata McGrawHill.
- Hydraulic, fluid mechanics & fluid machines S. Ramamrutham, Dhanpat Rai and Sons, New Delhi
- 6. Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines R. K. Bansal,Laxmi Publications, New Delhi

Course Code	:	PME-311
Course Title	:	MANUFACTURING ENGINEERING LAB-I
Number of Credits	:	1.5 (L: 0, T: 0, P: 3)
Prerequisites	:	Basic Mechanical Engineering (MEPC102) Manufacturing Engi- neering (MEPC207)
Course Category	:	PC

- To Practice the casting principles and operations infoundry.
- To Practice the operation of Lathe.
- To Practice the joining of metals using different Weldingtechniques.

## **Course Content:**

S.N	Topics for practice
0.	
Ι	Moulding & casting of (i) Connecting rod (ii) Solid bearing (iii) V-Pulley/Gear Pulley
II	Arc welding (i) Lap Joint (ii) Butt Joint (iii) T- Joint
III	Gas welding (i) Lap Joint (ii) Butt Joint
IV	Spot welding (i) Lap Joint
V	Turning Exercise(i) Facing, Step Turning & Chamfering (ii) Step Turning& Taper Turning (iii) Step Turning & Groove Cutting (iv) Step Turning & & Knurling (v) Step Turning & Thread Cutting (vi) Turning and Drilling
VI	Grinding the Lathe Cutting tools to the required angles
VII	Study of Lathe, Drilling machine, shaping machine and slotting machine
VIII	The dismantling some of the components of lathe and then assemble the same
IX	List the faults associated with lathe and its remedies
Х	The routine and preventive maintenance procedure for lathe

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. Elements of Workshop Technology (Volume I & II) Hajra Chowdry & Bhattacharaya, Media Promoters, 11th Edition, 2007
- Introduction of Basic Manufacturing Processes and Workshop Technology – Rajendersingh, New age International (P) Ltd. NewDelhi, 2006
- 3. Workshop Technology Raghuwanshi, Khanna Publishers. Jain &Gupta, New Delhi, 2002
- 4. Production Technology Jain & Gupta, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2006.
- 5. Production Technology HMT, 18<sup>th</sup> edition, Tata McGraw Hill,New Delhi
- 6. Manufacturing process Myro N Begman, 5 <sup>th</sup> edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi

# **Course outcomes:**

1	Prepare a mould sand mix and molten metal and calculate the amount of metal to be poured in the mould
2	Centre the job and select the proper tool to perform the job on lathe machine.
3	Calculate the taper angle and practice different taper turning methods on lathe.
4	Prepare the edges for welding and select the suitable electrode, voltage and current.
5	Operate the welding transformer and generator to perform various weld joint operations.

Course Code	:	PME-301
Course Title	:	MANUFACTURING ENGINEERING
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Prerequisites	:	Basic Mechanical Engineering (MEPC102)
Course Category	:	PC

- To understand the importance of cutting fluids & lubricants in machining.
- Tostudy various types of basic production processes. Toselect, operate and con applications.
- To understand the concept of gear making and list various gearmaterials.
- Tounderstand the importance of press tools and understand various die opera
- To understand Grinding and finishing processes.

# **Course Content:**

**UNIT-I: Cutting Fluids & Lubricants:** Introduction; Types of cutting fluids, Fluids and shaping, sawing & broaching; Selection of cutting fluids, methods of appli- cation of (solid, liquid, gaseous), Properties and applications of lubricants.

**Lathe Operations:** Types of lathes – light duty, Medium duty and heavy duty geared lat and their functions; Operations and tools – Turning, parting off, Knurling, facing, Borin turning.

**Unit-II: Broaching Machines:** Introduction to broaching; Types of broaching machine ram), Vertical type, Pull up, pull down, and push down; Elements of broach tool; br materials.

**Drilling:** Classification; Basic parts and their functions; Radial drilling machine; Types machine; Types of drills and reamers.

**Unit-III: Welding:** Classification; Gas welding techniques; Types of welding flames Applications; Shielded metal arc welding; Submerged arc welding; TIG / MIG weldi Seam welding, Projection welding; Welding defects; Brazing and soldering: Types, Prim **Milling:** Introduction; Types of milling machines: plain, Universal, vertical; constructio – specifications; Milling operations: simple, compound and differential indexing; Mi teeth; Teeth materials; Tool signature of milling cutter; Tool & work holding devices. **Unit-IV: Gear Making:** Manufacture of gears – by Casting, Moulding, Stamping, Coin generating methods: Gear Shaping with pinion cutter & rack cutter; Gear hobbing; De hobbing machine; Gear finishing processes; Gear materials and specification; Heat treat

**Press working:** Types of presses and Specifications, Press working operations - Cutti blanking, notching, lancing; Die set components- punch and die shoe, guide pin, bolster plat pilot; Punch and die clearances for blanking and pierc- ing, effect of clearance.

**Unit-V: Grinding and finishing processes:** Principles of metal removal by Grinding; Abras and binding processes: Vitrified, silicate, shellac, rubber, bakelite; Factors affecting the se shape of wheel, kind of abrasive, grain size, grade and strength of bond, structure of grain Standard marking systems: Meaning of letters & numbers sequence of marking, Grade classifica- tion: Cylindrical, Surface, Tool & Cutter grinding machines; Constructiondetails;

Course Code	:	PME-304
Course Title	:	MATERIAL SCIENCE & ENGINEERING
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Prerequisites	:	NIL
Course Category	:	PC

- To understand crystal structures and atomic bonds.
- To understand the properties of different types of ferrous metals and alloys.
- To understand the properties of different types of non-ferrous metals and alloys.
- Tounderstand various metallic failures and acquire the knowledge of testingof materials.
- To understand the concept of corrosion and itsprevention.

## **Course Content:**

**UNIT-I: Crystal structures and Bonds:** Unit cell and space lattice: Crystal system: The seven basic crystal systems; Crystal structure for metallic elements: BCC, FCC and HCP; Coordination number for Simple Cubic, BCC and FCC; Atomic radius: definition, atomic radius for Simple Cubic, BCC and FCC; Atomic Packing Factor for Simple Cubic, BCC, FCC and HCP; Simple problems on finding number of atoms for a unit cell.

**Bonds in solids:** Classification - primary or chemical bond, secondary or molecular bond; Types of primary bonds: Ionic, Covalent and Metallic Bonds; Types of secondary bonds: Dispersion bond, Dipole bond and Hydrogen bond.

**Unit-II: Phase diagrams, Ferrous metals and its Alloys:** Isomorphs, eutectic and eutectoid sys- tems; Iron-Carbon binary diagram; Iron and Carbon Steels; flow sheet for production of iron and steel; Iron ores – Pig iron: classification, composition and effects of impurities on iron; Cast Iron: clas- sification, composition, properties and uses; Wrought Iron: properties, uses/applications of wrought Iron; comparison of cast iron, wrought iron and mild steel and high carbon steel; standard com- mercial grades of steel as per BIS and AISI; Alloy Steels – purpose of alloying; effects of alloying ele- ments – Important alloy steels: Silicon steel, High Speed Steel (HSS), heat resisting steel, spring steel, Stainless Steel (SS): types of SS, applications of SS – magnet steel – composition, properties and uses

**Unit-III: Non-ferrous metals and its Alloys:** Properties and uses of aluminium, copper, tin, lead, zinc, magnesium and nickel; Copper alloys: Brasses, bronzes – composition, properties and uses; Aluminium alloys: Duralumin, hindalium, magnelium – composition, properties and uses; Nickel al- loys: Inconel, monel, nicPerome – composition, properties and uses. Anti-friction/Bearing alloys: Various types of bearing bronzes - Standard commercial grades as per BIS/ASME.

diagram; Types of governing of I.C. engines – hit and miss method, quantitative method, qualita- tive method and combination methods of governing; their applications; Objective of super charging.

**Unit-IV: Performance of I.C. Engines:** Brake power; Indicated power; Frictional power; Brake and Indicated mean effective pressures; Brake and Indicated thermal efficiencies; Mechanical efficiency; Relative efficiency; Performance test; Morse test; Heat balance sheet; Methods of determination of B,P., I.P. and F.P.; Simple numerical problems on performance of I.C. engines.

**Unit-V: Air Compressors:** Functions of air compressor; Uses of compressed air; Types of air com- pressors; Single stage reciprocating air compressor - its construction and working (with line dia- gram) using P-V diagram; Multi stage compressors – Advantages over single stage compressors; Ro- tary compressors: Centrifugal compressor, axial flow type compressor and vane type compressors.

**Refrigeration & Air-conditioning:** Refrigeration; Refrigerant; COP; Air Refrigeration system: com- ponents, working & applications; Vapour Compression system: components, working & applications; Air conditioning; Classification of Air-conditioning systems; Comfort and Industrial Air-Condition- ing; Window Air-Conditioner; Summer Air-Conditioning system, Winter Air-Conditioning system, Year-round Air-Conditioning system.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Introduction to Renewable Energy Vaughn Nelson, CRC Press
- 2. Thermal Engineering P.L. Ballaney, Khanna Publishers, 2002
- 3. A Course in Thermal Engineering S. Domkundwar & C.P. Kothandaraman, Dhanpat Rai.
- 4. Thermal Engineering R.S. Khurmi and J.K. Gupta, 18th Edition, S. Chand & Co, NewDelhi.
- 5. Thermal Engineering R. K. Rajput,8th Edition, Laxmi publications Pvt Ltd, New Delhi.

#### **Course outcomes:**

C 0 1	Know various sources of Energy and their applications.
C 0 2	Classify I.C. engines and understand their working and constructional features.
C 0 3	Draw the energy flow diagram of an I.C. engine and evaluate its performance.

C 0 4	Describe the constructional features of air compressor and working of different air com- pressors.
C O 5	Know the applications of refrigeration and Classify air-conditioning systems.

Course Code	:	PME-303
Course Title	:	THERMAL ENGINEERING - I
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Prerequisites	:	Basic Mechanical Engineering (MEPC102)
Course Category	:	PC

- To give a good understanding of and thorough insight into all important aspects of thermal systems, energy control and the general issue of energy.
- To understand the principles & working of various power producing& power absorbing de- vices.
- To study, analyze and evaluate the operation and the performance of I.C. engines, compressors and refrigerators, to apply pinch technology and to criticallyanalyze and describe the global behavior of integrated thermal systems.

## **Course Content:**

**UNIT-I: Sources of Energy:** Brief description of energy Sources: Classification of energy sources

- Renewable, Non-Renewable; Fossil fuels, including CNG, LPG; Solar Energy: Flat plate and concen- trating collectors & its applications (Solar Water Heater, Photovoltaic Cell, Solar Distillation); Wind Energy; Tidal Energy; Ocean Thermal Energy; Geothermal Energy; Biogas, Biomass, Bio-diesel; Hy- draulic Energy, Nuclear Energy; Fuel cell.

**Unit-II: Internal Combustion Engines:** Assumptions made in air standard cycle analysis; Brief de- scription of Carnot, Otto and Diesel cycles with P-V and T-S diagrams; Internal and external com- bustion engines; advantages of I.C. engines over external combustion engines; classification of I.C. engines; neat sketch of I.C. engine indicating component parts; Function of each part and materials used for the component parts - Cylinder, crank case, crank pin, crank, crank shaft, connecting rod, wrist pin, piston, cooling pins cylinder heads, exhaust valve, inlet valve; Working of four-stroke and two-stroke petrol and diesel engines; Comparison of two stroke and four stroke engines; Compar- ison of C.I. and S.I. engines; Valve timing and port timing diagrams for four stroke and two stroke engines.

**Unit-III: I.C. Engine Systems:** Fuel system of Petrol engines; Principle of operation of simple and Ze- nith carburettors; Fuel system of Diesel engines; Types of injectors and fuel pumps; Cooling system

- air cooling, water cooling system with thermo siphon method of circulation and water cooling sys- tem with radiator and forced circulation (description with line diagram). Comparison of air cooling and water cooling system; Ignition systems – Battery coil ignition and magneto ignition (description and working). Comparison of two systems; Types of lubricating systems used in I.C. engines with line

Course Code	:	PME-313
Course Title	:	Thermal Engineering Lab – I
Number of Credits	:	1 (L:0; T:0; P:2)
Prerequisites	:	Thermal Engineering – I (MEPC207)
Course Category	:	PC

- Tounderstand the importance of fuel properties and learn the methods of determination of var- ious properties of fuels.
- To understand the working principles of various methodsused in determination of properties of fuels.
- To observe different parts of I.C. engine and understand theirworking.
- To identify the physical differences between S.I. and C.I. engines and 2-S and 4-Sengines.

## **Course Content:**

S.No.	Topics for practice			
Ι	Flash & Fire point tests using Able's/Cleveland/Pensky Martin Apparatus			
II	Viscosity measurement usi/Saybolt viscometer			
III	Calorific value tests using Bomb Calorimeter (Solid and Liquid fuels) and Junkers Ga Calorimeter (Gaseous fuels)			
IV	Carbon residue test using Conradson's apparatus.			
V	Assembling and disassembling of I.C. Engines			
VI	Port timing diagram of Petrol engine			
VII	Port timing diagram of Diesel engine			
VIII	Valve timing diagram of Petrol engine			
IX	Valve timing diagram of Diesel engine			
Х	Study of petrol and diesel engine components and Models			

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. Thermal Engineering P.L. Ballaney, Khanna Publishers, 2002
- 2 A Course in Thermal Engineering S. Domkundwar & C.P. Kothandaraman, Dhanpat Rai & Publication New Delhi
- 3 Thermal Engineering R.S. Khurmi and J.K. Gupta, 18th Edition, S. Chand & Co, NewDelhi

## **Course outcomes:**

C01	Understand the determination of flash and fire point of a given sample of fuel using gi apparatus(Abels, Cleveland & Penesky martin)
CO2	Understand the determination of Viscosity of a given sample of oil using givenappara
CO3	Understand the determination of Calorific value of a given sample of fuel using given paratus.
CO4	Understand thedetermination of amount of carbon residue of a givensample of petrol product.

Course Code	:	PME-413
Course Title	:	MATERIAL TESTING LAB
Number of Credits	:	1.5 (L: 0, T: 0, P: 3)
Prerequisites	:	Material Science & Engineering (MEPC201) Strength of Materials (MEPC204)
Course Category	:	PC

- To identify the type of material based on its grainstructure
- To learn the procedure for identifying the cracks in thematerial
- Tounderstand various material testing methods todetermine mechanical properties such as yield stress, Ultimate stress, percentage elongation, Young's Modulusetc.

# **Course Content:**

S.No.	Topics for practice
Ι	Preparea specimen and examine themicrostructure of the Ferrous and Non-ferrous met- als using the Metallurgical Microscope.
II	Detect thecracks in thespecimen using (i) Visualinspection and ring test (ii) Diepenetra- tion test (iii) Magnetic particle test.
ш	Determination of Rockwell's Hardness Number for various materials like mild steel, high carbon steel, brass, copper and aluminium.
IV	Finding the resistance of materials to impact loads by Izod test and Charpy test.
v	Torsion test on mild steel – relation between torque and angle of twist determination of shear modulus and shear stress.
VI	Finding Young's Modulus of Elasticity, yield points, percentage elongation and percentage reduction in area, stress strain diagram plotting, tests on mild steel.
VII	Determination of modulus of rigidity, strain energy, shear stress and stiffness by load de- flection method (Open & Closed coil spring)
VIII	Single or double Shear test on M.S. bar to finding the resistance of material to shear load.

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. Measurement system (Application and Design) Ernest O Doebelin.
- 2. Strength of Materials R.S. Khurmi, S.Chand Company Ltd. Delhi
- 3. A Text Book strength of Material– R.K. Bansal, Laxmi Publication NewDelhi

## **Course outcome**

C01	Identify the given specimen by viewing the micro structure using metallurgical microscope
CO2	Identify the cracks in the specimen using different techniques
CO3	Determine the various types of stress and plot the stress strain diagram for mild steel.
C04	Determine the torsion, bending, impact and shear values of given materials
C05	Determine the modulus of rigidity, strain energy, shear stress and stiffness of coil spring

Course Code	:	PME-411
Course Title	:	MEASUREMENTS & METROLOGY LAB
Number of Credits	:	1 ( L:0, T:0 , P:2)
Prerequisites	:	Measurements & Metrology (MEPC202)
Course Catergory	:	PC

• Tounderstand techniques for precise measurement of the dimensions of various objects and shapes.

# **Course Content:**

S.No.	Topics for practice
I	Measure the diameter of a wire using micrometre and compare the result with digital micrometre
II	Measure the angle of the machined surface using sine bar with slip gauges.
III	Measure the angle of a V-block / Taper Shank of Drill / Dovetail using universal bevel protractor.
IV	Measure the dimensions of ground MS flat/cylindrical bush using Vernier Caliper com- pare with Digital/Dial Vernier Caliper.
V	Measure the geometrical dimensions of V-Thread using thread Vernier gauge.
VI	Measure the thickness of ground MS plates using slip gauges

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. Engineering Metrology R. K. Jain
- 2. Engineering precision metrology R. C. Gupta
- 3. A Hand book of Industrial Metrology ASME

## **Course outcomes:**

C01	Measure various component of linear measurement using Vernier calipers and Micrometre.
C02	Measure various component of angle measurement using sine bar and bevel Protractor
CO3	Measure the geometrical dimensions of V-thread and spur gear

Course Code	:	PME-401	
Course Title		MEASUREMENTS & METROLOGY	
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 2, T: 1, P: 0)	
Prerequisites	:	NIL	
Course Category	:	PC	

- Tostudy advances in technology, measurement techniques, types of instrumentation devices, innovations, refinements.
- Tostudy the principles of instrumentation, transducers & measurement of non-electrical parameters like temperature, pressure, flow, speed, force and stress.

#### **Course Content:**

**UNIT-I: Introduction to measurements**: Definition of measurement; Significance of measurement; Methods of measurements: Direct & Indirect; Generalized measuring system; Standards of measurements: Primary & Secondary; Factors influencing selection of measuring instruments; Terms applicable to measuring instruments: Precision and Accuracy, Sensitivity and Repeatability, Range, Threshold, Hysteresis, calibration; Errors in Measurements: Classification of errors, Systematic and Random error.

**Measuring instruments:** Introduction; Thread measurements: Thread gauge micrometre; Angle measurements: Bevel protractor, Sine Bar; Gauges: plain plug gauge, ring Gauge, snap gauge, limit gauge; Comparators: Characteristics of comparators, Types of comparators; Surface finish: Definition, Terminology of surface finish, Talysurf surface roughness tester; Co-ordinating measuring machine.

**Unit-II: Transducers and Strain gauges:** Introduction; Transducers: Characteristics, classification of transducers, two coil self-inductance transducer, Piezoelectric transducer; Strain Measurements: Strain gauge, Classification, mounting of strain gauges, Strain gaugerosettes-twoand threeelements.

**Measurement of force, torque, and pressure:** Introduction; Force measurement: Spring Balance, Proving ring, Load cell; Torque measurement: Prony brake, Eddy current, Hydraulic dynamometer; Pressure measurement: Mcloed gauge.

**Unit-III: Applied mechanical measurements:** Speed measurement: Classification of tachometers, Revolution counters, Eddy current tachometers; Displacement measurement: Linear variable Differential transformers (LVDT); Flow measurement: Rotometers, Turbine meter; Temperature measurement: Resistance thermometers, Optical Pyrometer.

**Miscellaneous measurements**: Humidity measurement: hair hygrometer; Density measurement: hydrometer; Liquid level measurement: sight glass, Float gauge; Biomedical measurement: Sphygmo monometer.

**Unit-IV: Limits, Fits & Tolerances:** Concept of Limits, Fits, and Tolerances; Selective Assembly; Interchangeability; Hole And Shaft Basis System; Taylor's Principle; Design of Plug; Ring Gauges; IS 919-1993 (Limits, Fits & Tolerances, Gauges) IS 3477-1973; concept of multi gauging and inspection.

**Angular Measurement**: Concept; Instruments For Angular Measurements; Working and Use of Universal Bevel Protractor, Sine Bar, Spirit Level; Principle of Working of Clinometers; Angle Gauges (With Numerical on Setting of Angle Gauges).

Screw thread Measurements: ISO grade and fits of thread; Errors in threads; Pitch errors; Mea-

surement of different elements such as major diameter, minor diameter, effective diameter, pitch;

Two wire method; Thread gauge micrometer; Working principle of floating carriage dial micrometer.

**Unit-V: Gear Measurement and Testing**: Analytical and functional inspection; Rolling test; Mea- surement of tooth thickness (constant chord method); Gear tooth vernier; Errors in gears such as backlash, runout, composite.

**Machine tool testing**: Parallelism; Straightness; Squareness; Coaxiallity; roundness; run out; align- ment testing of machine tools as per IS standard procedure.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Mechanical measurements Beckwith Marangoni and Lienhard, Pearson Education, 6th Ed., 2006.
- 2. Metrology & Measurement Anand K Bewoor, Vinay kulakarni, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2009
- 3. Principles of Industrial instrumentation and control systems Channakesava. R. Alavala, DELMAR cenage learning, 2009.
- 4. Principles of Engineering Metrology Rega Rajendra, Jaico publishers, 2008
- 5. Dimensional Metrology Connie Dotson, DELMAR, Cenage learning, 2007
- 6. Instrumentation measurement and analysis B.C. Nakara, K.K. Chaudary, second edition, Tata cgraw Hill, 2005.
- 7. Engineering Metrology R.K. Jain, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2005.
- 8. A text book of Engineering Metrology I.C. Gupta, Dhanpat Rai and Sons, New Delhi, 2005
- 9. Metrology for Engineers J.F.W. Galyer and C. R. Shotbolt, ELBS
- 10. Engineering Metrology K. J. Hume, Kalyani publishers

#### **Course outcomes**

C01	Define accuracy, precision, calibration, sensitivity, repeatability and such relevant terms in metrology.
CO2	Distinguish between various types of errors.
C03	Understand the principle of operation of an instrument and select suitable measuring de- vice for a particular application.
C04	Appreciate the concept of calibration of an instrument.
C05	Analyze and interpret the data obtained from the different measurements processes and present it in the graphical form, statistical form.

Course Code	:	PME-403	
Course Title	:	STRENGTH OF MATERIALS	
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 2, T: 1, P: 0)	
Prerequisites	:	Engineering Mechanics (ESC201)	
Course Category	:	PC	

- To understand the concept of Simple Stresses and Strains.
- To understand the concept of Strain Energy.
- To understand the concept of Shear Force and Bending MomentDiagrams.
- Tounderstand the concept of Theory of Simple Bending and Deflection of Beams.
- To understand the concept of Torsion in Shafts and Springs.
- To understand the concept of Thin Cylindrical Shells.

#### **Course Content:**

**UNIT-I: Simple Stresses and Strains:** Types of forces; Stress, Strain and their nature; Mechanical properties of common engineering materials; Significance of various points on stress – strain dia- gram for M.S. and C.I. specimens; Significance of factor of safety; Relation between elastic constants; Stress and strain values in bodies of uniform section and of composite section under the influence of normal forces; Thermal stresses in bodies of uniform sections; Related nu- merical problems on the above topics.

**Strain Energy:** Strain energy or resilience, proof resilience and modulus of resilience; Derivation of strain energy for the following cases: i) Gradually applied load, ii) Suddenly applied load, iii) Impact/ shock load; Related numerical problems.

**Unit-II: Shear Force & Bending Moment Diagrams:** Types of beams with examples: a) Cantilever beam, b) Simply supported beam, c) Over hanging beam, d) Continuous beam, e) Fixed beam; Types of Loads – Point load, UDL and UVL; Definition and explanation of shear force and bending moment; Calculation of shear force and bending moment and drawing the S.F and B.M. diagrams by the analyt- ical method only for the following cases: a) Cantilever with point loads, b) Cantilever with uniformly distributed load, c) Simply supported beam with point loads, d) Simply supported beam with UDL, e) Over hanging beam with point loads, at the centre and at free ends, f) Over hanging beam with UDL throughout, g) Combination of point and UDL for the above; Related numerical problems.

**Unit-III: Theory of Simple Bending and Deflection of Beams:** Explanation of terms: Neutral layer, Neutral Axis, Modulus of Section, Moment of Resistance, Bending stress, Radius of curvature; As- sumptions in theory of simple bending; Bending Equation  $M/I = \sigma/Y = E/R$  with derivation; Problems involving

calculations of bending stress, modulus of section and moment of resistance; Calculation of safe loads and safe span and dimensions of cross- section; Definition and explanation of deflection as applied to beams; Deflection formulae without proof for cantilever and simply supported beams with point load and UDL only (Standard cases only); Related numericalproblems.

**Unit-IV: Torsion in Shafts and Springs:** Definition and function of shaft; Calculation of polar M.I. for solid and hollow shafts; Assumptions in simple torsion; Derivation of the equation  $T/J=f_s/R=G\theta/L$ ; Problems on design of shaft based on strength and rigidity; Numerical Problems related to com- parison of strength and weight of solid and hollow shafts; Classification of springs; Nomenclature of closed coil helical spring; Deflection formula for closed coil helical spring (without derivation); stiffness of spring; Numerical problems on closed coil helical spring to find safe load, deflection, size of coil and number of coils.

**Unit-V: Thin Cylindrical Shells:** Explanation of longitudinal and hoop stresses in the light of cir- cumferential and longitudinal failure of shell; Derivation of expressions for the longitudinal and hoop stress for seamless and seam shells; Related numerical Problems for safe thickness and safe working pressure.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Strength of Materials D.S. Bedi, Khanna Book Publishing Co. (P) Ltd., Delhi, 2017
- 2. Strength of Materials B.C.Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain & Arun Kumar Jain, Laxmi Publica- tions, New Delhi, 2013
- 3. Strength of Materials S. Ramamrutham, Dhanpat Rai & Publication New Delhi
- 4. Strength of Materials R.S. Khurmi, S.Chand Company Ltd. Delhi
- 5. A Text Book strength of Material– R.K. Bansal, Laxmi Publication NewDelhi

#### **Course outcomes:**

C01	Compute stress and strain values and find the changes in axial, lateral and volumetric di- mensions of bodies of uniform section and of composite section under the influence of normal forces.
CO2	Calculate thermal stresses, in bodies of uniform section and composite sections.
C03	Define resilience, proof – resilience and modulus of resilience and obtain expressions for instantaneous stress developed in bodies subjected to different loads.
CO4	Compute shear force and bending moment at any section of beam and draw the S.F. & B.M diagrams of for UDL and Point loads.
C05	Calculate the safe load, safe span and dimensions of cross section.
C06	Compare strength and weight of solid and hollow shafts of the same length and material and compute the stress and deflection of the closed coil helical spring.

Course Code	:	PME-402	
Course Title	:	THERMAL ENGINEERING - II	
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 2, T: 1, P: 0)	
Prerequisites	:	Thermal Engineering - I (MEPC205)	
Course Category	:	PC	

- To understand the working and applications of Gas turbines & JetPropulsion.
- To understand the methods of computing various properties ofsteam.
- Tounderstand the working of various Steam Boilers, functions of various accessories and mountings of boilers.
- To understand the Working of Steam Nozzles and Steamturbines.
- To understand the necessity of compounding and governing of aturbine.

#### **Course Content:**

**UNIT-I: Gas Turbines:** Air-standard Brayton cycle; Description with p-v and T-S diagrams; Gas tur- bines Classification: open cycle gas turbines and closed cycle gas turbines; comparison of gas turbine with reciprocating I.C. engines and steam turbines. Applications and limitations of gas turbines; Gen- eral lay-out of Open cycle constant pressure gas turbine; P-V and T-S diagrams and working; General lay-out of Closed cycle gas turbine; P-V and T-S diagrams and working.

**Jet Propulsion:** Principle of jet propulsion; Fuels used for jet propulsion; Applications of jet propul- sion; Working of a turbojet engine; Principle of Ram effect; Working of a Ram jet engine; Principle of Rocket propulsion; Working principle of a rocket engine; Applications of rocket propulsion; Compar ison of jet and rocket propulsions -

**Unit-II: Properties of Steam:** Formation of steam under constant pressure; Industrial uses of steam; Basic definitions: saturated liquid line, saturated vapour line, liquid region, vapour region, wet region, superheat region, critical point, saturated liquid, saturated vapour, saturation temperature, sensible heat, latent heat, wet steam, dryness fraction, wetness fraction, saturated steam, superheated steam, degree of superheat; Determination of enthalpy, internal energy, internal latent heat, entropy of wet, dry and superheated steam at a given pressure using steam tables and Mollier chart for the following processes: Isochoric process, Isobaric process, Hyperbolic process, Isothermal process, Isentropic process, Throttling process; Simple direct problems on the above using tables and charts; Steam calorimeters: Separating, throttling, Combined Separating and throttling calorim- eters – problems.

**Unit-III: Steam Generators:** Function and use of steam boilers; Classification of steam boilers with examples; Brief explanation with line sketches of Cochran, Babcock and Wilcox Boilers; Compari- son of water tube and fire tube boilers; Description with line sketches and working of modern high pressure boilers Lamont and Benson boilers; Boiler mountings: Pressure gauge, water level indicator, fusible plug, blow down cock, stop valve, safety valve, (dead weight type,

spring loaded type, high pressure and low water safety alarm); Boiler accessories: feed pump, economiser, super heater and air pre-heater; Study of steam traps & separators; Explanation of the terms: Actual evaporation, equivalent evaporation, factor of evaporation, boiler horse power and boiler efficiency; Formula for the above terms without proof; Simple direct problems on the above; Draught systems (Natural, forced & induced).

**Unit-IV: Steam Nozzles:** Flow of steam through nozzle; Velocity of steam at the exit of nozzle in terms of heat drop using analytical method and Mollier chart; Discharge of steam through nozzles; Critical pressure ratio; Methods of calculation of cross-sectional areas at throat and exit for maxi- mum discharge; Effect of friction in nozzles and Super saturated flow in nozzles; Working steam jet injector; Simple numerical problems.

**Unit-V: Steam Turbines:** Classification of steam turbines with examples; Difference between im- pulse & reaction turbines; Principle of working of a simple De-lavel turbine with line diagrams- Ve- locity diagrams; Expression for work done, axial thrust, tangential thrust, blade and diagram efficien- cy, stage efficiency, nozzle efficiency; Methods of reducing rotor speed; compounding for velocity, for pressure or both pressure and velocity; Working principle with line diagram of a Parson's Reaction turbine-velocity diagrams; Simple problems on single stage impulse turbines (without blade fric- tion) and reaction turbine including data on blade height. Bleeding, re-heating and re-heating factors (Problems omitted); Governing of steam turbines: Throttle, By-pass & Nozzle controlgoverning

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1 A Course in Thermal Engineering S. Domkundwar & C.P. Kothandaraman, Dhanpat Rai & Publication, NewDelhi
- 2 Thermal Engineering R.K. Rajput, Laxmi Publication NewDelhi
- 3. Thermal Engineering P.L. Ballaney, Khanna Publishers, 2002
- 4. Treatise on Heat Engineering in MKS and SI Units V.P.Vasandani& D.S. Kumar, Metropolitan Book Co. Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.

#### **Course outcomes:**

C01	Explain the working cycle of gas turbines, and the working of Jet and Rocket Engines apart from identifying the fuels used for Jet and Rocket propulsion.
CO2	Compute the work done, enthalpy, internal energy and entropy of steam at given condi- tions using steam tables and Mollier chart.
CO3	Distinguish between water tube and fire-tube boilers and explain the function all the mountings and accessories.
C04	Calculate Velocity of steam at the exit of nozzle in terms of heat drop analytically and by using Mollier chart.
C05	State the necessity of governing and compounding of a turbine.
C06	Explain the principle of working of a steam turbine and distinguish between the impulse turbines and reaction turbines.

Course Code	:	PME-412
Course Title	:	THERMAL ENGINEERING LAB-II
Number of Credits	:	1.5 (L: 0, T: 0, P: 3)
Prerequisites	:	Thermal Engineering - I (MEPC207) Thermal Engineering - II (MEPC206)
Course Category	:	PC

- To understand the working of boilers, compressors and ICengines.
- To observe various parts of engines and understand theirfunctions.
- To perform various tests on IC engines and calculate performanceparameters.
- To understand economical and optimum running conditions of theengines.

#### **Course Content:**

S.No.	Topics for practice				
Ι	Study of high pressure boiler with model				
II	Study of boiler mountings and accessories				
III	Conduct performance test on VCR test rig to determine COP of the refrigerator				
IV	Conduct performance test on multi stage reciprocating compressor				
V	Conduct Morse test to determine the indicated power of individual cylinders				
VI	Conduct Performance test on 2-S CI/SI engine.				
VII	Conduct Performance test on 4-S CI/SI engine.				
VIII	Conduct Heat balance test on CI/SI engine				
IX	Conduct Economical speed test on 4-S CI/SI engine.				
Χ	Thermal conductivity test on 1) Thick slab 2) Composite wall 3) Thick cylinder				
XI	Leak detection of refrigeration equipment				
XII	Conduct performance test on A/C test rig to determine COP of the refrigerator				

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Thermal Engineering P.L. Ballaney, Khanna Publishers, 2002
- 2. A Course in Thermal Engineering S. Domkundwar & C.P. Kothandaraman, Dhanpat Rai & Publication New Delhi
- 3. Thermal Engineering R.S. Khurmi and J.K. Gupta, 18th Edition, S. Chand & Co, NewDelhi

## **Course outcomes**

C01	Evaluatetheperformance characteristics of singlecylinder diesel/petrolengine at different loads and draw the heat balance sheet.
CO2	Find the indicated power of individual cylinders of an engine by using morse test.

CO3	Evaluate the performance characteristics Multi stage air compressor					
C04	Evaluate the co efficient of performance of refrigerator					
C05	Find the thermal conductivity of material					

Course Code	:	MEPC301
Course Title	:	ADVANCED MANUFACTURING PROCESSES
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)

Prerequisites		Basic Mechanical Engineering (MEPC102) Manufacturing Engineering (MEPC207)
Course Category	:	PC

- To Know the functions of Jigs and Fixtures.
- To know the applications of jig-boringmachines.
- Toidentify different fabrication methods of plastic processing viz., sheet forming, blow moulding, laminating and reinforcing of plastics.
- Todistinguish between non-conventional machining and traditional machining processes.
- Toknow about the advancements in the area of manufacturing and production processes.
- Toimpart knowledge & skills necessary for working in modern manufacturing environment.
- Toget familiarized with working principles and operations performed on non-traditional machines, machining center, SPM, automated machines and maintenance of machinetools.

#### Course Content:

**UNIT-I: Jigs & Fixtures:** Definition of jig; Types of jigs: Leaf jig, Box and Handle jig, Template jig, Plate jig, Indexing jig, Universal jig, Vice jigs - constructional details of the above jigs; General consideration in the design of drill jigs; Drill bush; Types of fixtures: Vice fixtures, Milling fixtures, Boring fixtures, Grinding fixtures - constructional details of the above fixtures; Basic principles of location; Locating methods and devices; Basic principles of the clamping; Types of clamps: Strap clamps, Cam clamps, Screw clamps, Toggle clamps, Hydraulic and Pneumatic clamps.

**Unit-II: Jig Boring**: Introduction; Jig boring on vertical milling machine; Types jig boring machines: Open front machine, Cross rail type machine - constructional details & their working; System of location of holes.

**Plastic Processing:** Processing of plastics; Moulding processes: Injection moulding, Compression moulding, Transfer moulding; Extruding; Casting; Calendering; Fabrication methods-Sheet forming, Blow moulding, Laminating plastics (sheets, rods & tubes), Reinforcing; Applications of Plastics.

**Unit-III: Modern Machining Processes:** Introduction – comparison with traditional machining; Ultrasonic Machining: principle, Description of equipment, applications; Electric Discharge Machining: Principle, Description of equipment, Dielectric fluid, tools (electrodes), Process parameters, Output characteristics, applications; Wire cut EDM: Principle, Description of equipment, Controlling parameters; applications; Abrasive Jet Machining: principle, description of equipment, application; Laser Beam Machining: principle, description of equipment, application; description of equipment, application.

**Unit-IV: CNC Milling Machines:** Vertical and horizontal machining center: Constructional features, Axis identification, Electronic control system. Automatic tool changer and tool magazine. CNC programming: Preparatory functions (G code), miscellaneous functions (M code), Part programming including subroutines and canned cycles. Principles of computer aided part programming.

Machine Tool Automation: Introduction and Need; (A) Single spindle automates, transfer lines.

(B) Elements of control system, Limit switches, Proximity switches, Block diagram for feedback and servo control system, Introduction to PLC, Block diagram of PLC.

**Unit-V: Special Purpose Machines (SPM)**: Concept, General elements of SPM, Productivity improvement by SPM, Principles of SPM design.

**Maintenance of Machine Tools:** Types of maintenance, Repair cycle analysis, Repair complexity, Maintenance manual, Maintenance records, Housekeeping. Introduction to Total Productive Mainte-

nance (TPM).

Reference Books:

- 1. Production Technology HMT, Banglore, Tata Mc-Graw Hill
- 2. CNC machines Pabla B. S. & M. Adithan, New Age internationallimited.
- 3. Non conventional Machining P.K. Mistra, Narvasa PublishiningHouse
- 4. Manufacturing Processes Begman & Amsted, John Willey and Sons.
- 5. Advanced manufacturing technology David L. Goetsch
- 6. Exploring Advanced Manufacturing Technologies Stephen F.Krar & Arthur Gil, Industrial Press

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

C01	Know the Operation and control of different advanced machine tools and equipments.
CO2	Produce jobs as per specified requirements by selecting the specific machining process.
CO3	Develop the mind set for modern trends in manufacturing and automation.
CO4	Identify the different fabrication methods viz., sheet forming, blow moulding, laminating and reinforcing of plastics.
C05	Know different non-traditional machining processes, CNC milling machines, special purpose machines.
C06	Work as maintenance engineer.

Course Code	:	PME-405
Course Title	:	TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Prerequisites	:	NIL
Course Category	:	PE

## **Course Learning Objectives:**

• To introduce the main principles of business and social excellence, to generate knowledge and skills of students to use models and quality management methodology for the implementation of total quality management in any sphere of business and public sector.

## Course Content:

**UNIT-I: Basic concepts**: Definitions and history of quality control; Quality function and concept of quality cycle; Quality policy and objectives. Economics of quality and measurement of the cost of quality. Quality considerations in design.

**Unit-II: Process control:** Machine and process capability analysis; Use of control charts and process engineering techniques for implementing the quality plan.

**Unit-III: Acceptance Sampling:** Single, double and multiple sampling, lot quality protection, features and types of acceptance sampling tables, acceptance sampling of variables and statistical tolerance analysis.

**Unit-IV: Quality education**: principles of participation and participative approaches to quality commitment.

**Unit-V: Emerging concepts of quality management:** Taguchi's concept of off-line quality control and Ishikawa's cause and effect diagram.

Reference Books:

1 Total Quality Management, M.P.Poonia & S.C. Sharma, Khanna Publishing House, 2018.

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- 2. Total Quality Management An Introductory Text by Paul James, Prentice Hall
- 3. Quality Control and Applications by Housen & Ghose
- 4. Industrial Engineering Management by O.P. Khanna

## Course outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

Production Engineering Curriculum Structure

C01	Develop an understanding on quality management philosophies and frameworks
CO2	Develop in-depth knowledge on various tools and techniques of quality management
CO3	Learn the applications of quality tools and techniques in both manufacturing and service industry
CO4	Develop analytical skills for investigating and analysing quality management issues in the industry and suggest implement able solutions to those.
C05	Emerging concepts for quality and Taguchi optimization technique for off-line

Course Code	:	PRM-401
Course Title	:	REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE- II
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3 T: 0, P: 0)
Prerequisites	:	REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE- I
Course Category	:	PC

## RATIONALE

A diploma holder is involved in supervision and maintenance jobs. He must know the various processes carried out during testing, repair and maintenance and material handling. Hence this subject.

## LEARNING OUTCOMES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

• explain the concept of testing, repair and maintenance.

- comprehend the procedure for erection and commissioning of machines.
- comprehend the procedure for testing of machines.
- explain various lubrication systems.
- comprehend the procedure of repair and maintenance.

## DETAILED CONTENTS

## 1. Introduction (06 Periods)

Necessity and advantages of testing, repair and maintenance, common instruments required for testing, significance of B-T curve in life span of machine tool, Acceptance test for machine tools, Economic aspects, manpower planning and materials management

**2. Plant Layout**, Erection and Commissioning of Machines (Installation) (10 Periods) Location, layout of machines in Plant Layout, Principles of Plant layout, types of plant layout and positioning of machines, grouping of machines.

Foundation – types of foundation, various considerations for machine foundations, foundation plan, types of foundation bolts, erection and leveling, grouting

Vibration, damping, vibration isolation – methods of isolation, anti vibration mounts.

## 3. Testing of Machines (10 Periods)

Testing equipment – dial gauge, mandrel, spirit level, straight edge, auto collimator. Recalibration of measuring instruments like vernier calliper.

Testing methods – geometrical/alignment test, performance test, testing under load, run test, vibrations, noise

## 4. Maintenance (10 Periods)

Definition, advantages, limitations, functions and types of maintenance organisation. Types of maintenance viz. emergency, preventive, breakdown/corrective, predictive Introduction to computerized maintenance record like facility register, maintenance request.

ISO standards for maintenance documentation

Introduction to machine history card – purpose and advantages

Preparation of scheduled yearly plan for preventive maintenance, difference of work content of servicing, repairs and overhauling. MTBF and MTTR. Maintainability

Spare parts- Need of frequently needed spare parts inventory, Make provision of spares for parts not available in market

## **5 Repairing (08 Periods)**

Common parts which are prone to failure, reasons of failure

Repair schedule Parts that commonly need repair such as belts, couplings, nuts, and bolts

repairing the engines, compressors and boilers.

## 6 Lubrication Systems (09 Periods)

Lubrication methods and periodical lubrication chart for various machines (daily, weekly, monthly)

Handling and storage of lubricants

Lubricants conditioning and disposal

Lubricant and their grades needed for specific components such as gears, bearings, and chains

Purpose and procedure of changing oil periodically (like gear box oil)

## 7 Material Handling Systems (09 Periods)

Basic principles of material handling, Basic types of material handling equipments and its characteristic, Uses and limitations, forklift trucks, Selection of material handling equipment, Unit load: pallet sizing and loading. Conveyor models, AGV Systems, Automated Storage & Retrieval System (ASRS), Carousels.

## 8 Maintenance Manuals and Reports (08 Periods)

Types of manuals need for maintenance contents of manuals, manual writing and reporting, action- taken report (ATR)

Fitter common tools: Appliances and devices, handling facilities and measuring instruments. INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

1. Lay greater emphasis on practical aspects of maintenance.

2. Make use of transparencies, video films and CD's.

3. Expose the students to real life situation.

4. Promote continued learning through properly planned assignments.

5. Demonstrate sample of all types of gear and bearings.

## **MEANS OF ASSESSMENT**

- Assignments and quiz/class tests

- Mid-term and end-term written tests

Model/prototype making

## **RECOMMENDED BOOKS**

1. Industrial Maintenance by HP Garg; S. Chand and Company, Delhi.

2. Installation, Testing and Maintenance by JS Narang, Dhanpat Rai & Sons, New Delhi.

3. Plant Maintenance Engineering by RK Jain; Khanna Publishers, Delhi.

4. Installation, Servicing and Maintenance by SN Bhattacharya; S Chand and Company, Delhi.

5. Maintenance Engineering and Management by RC Mishra and K Pathak; Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

6. E-books/e-tools/relevant software to be used as recommended by AICTE/UBTE/NITTTR, Chandigarh.

Websites for Reference:

http://swayam.gov.in